The Daily Gazetteer.

NUMB. 1854

MONDAY, OCTOBER 26. 1741.

IT was obſerved laſt Year by ſome Perſons of great Penetration in Politicks, that the Patriots were grown remarkably fond of Paradoxes, and that their Secretaries have for ſome time paſt followed their Example in a Thing diſcernable even by thoſe who have no Penetration at all. It has been the Foible of great Wits to affect the wrong Side of Queſtion in order to ſhew their Parts, juſt as the Hocus Operators glory in impoſing on our Eyes: and in conſequence thereof ſtile themſelves Sons of Art. Alas! where is the Power of Eloquence in ſupporting Truth? A thouſand Arguments offer themſelves of their own Accord, and the Reaſon of Mankind ſo eaſily apprehends whatever agrees with the Nature of Things, that the Connection between Truths is no ſooner perceived than it is underſtood. But to turn the Tables, to argue againſt Facts, to prove without Evidence, to ſubdue the Paſſions, and to ſuſpend the Senſe of an Audience by dint of ſprightly Sentiments and a fine Flow of Words, demonſtrates a Man to be a fine Speaker. The Leaders of the Malecontents had the Honour to excel in this way laſt Seſſions, and their Scribes have trod in the ſame Track ever ſince. The old Method of Reaſoning is quite out of Faſhion with them, and they are reſolv'd to be like their Betters, and to lay claim to the Patriot Privilege of making the People believe the Moon is made of Green Cheeſe.

That the *Gazetteer* is a *dull, worthleſs* Paper, that it is not worth Seeing or Read, and that it's an infamous Thing to pay for it, are Points they tell you out of Diſpute; and therefore go on refuting it, that it may not poiſon the Minds——of ſuch as never ſet Eyes on it. This is the Prudence of the Patriots, of thoſe who are wiſer in their Generation than the Children of Light; and to ſpeak in their own Stile, this is a full Proof that their Credit is riſe in Sale, and that this ſame *Gazetteer* is a Commodity of Waſte Paper— that they have no manner of Reaſon to complain about. It ſhews, however, their Good-Nature and Compaſſion to take notice ſo often of ſo deſpicable an Adverſary; it looks as if they had a mind to prompt the Publick, by putting them in mind that ſuch a Thing does exiſt, and that it would be but fair to read both Sides of the Queſtion. This is certainly very juſt and very generous, provided always there be no ſecret Underſtanding between the Proprietors of theſe Papers, and the *Craftſman* and *Common Senſe* are not paid for thus advertiſing the *Gazetteer*; which, I confeſs, might be ſuſpected, conſidering thoſe Papers in a juſt Light, as calculated only to get Money. But if, after all, the World will not take the Hint, but remain obſtinate in their Averſion to the Ministerial Paper, why we muſt e'en be content, and comfort ourſelves with what our good Friends the Patriots ſo frequently tell us, that it is a corrupt, degenerate Age——and good Things are thrown away upon it.—— Theſe are good Friends indeed; they act the Parts of Phyſicians and Parſons at a time, adminiſter Phyſick with one hand and Conſolation with the other—— do all they can to keep us alive——— and in caſe their Skill ſhould fail——as by Experience they know it fails them often——teach us how to die——with a good Grace.

In order to return the Favour, or rather to return many Favours, I am reſolved to dedicate this Paper to their Service, and to do for them what they have never been able to do for themſelves, I mean to prove the *Gazetteer* a dull, worthleſs, ay, and infamous Paper, to the Satisfaction of every Malecontent in the Three Kingdoms; and according to a Figure often uſed by the *Craftſman* himſelf, how I am of his Side ſure I may uſe it too) to the Satisfaction of the People. Some fooliſh Courtiers, indeed, may poſſibly ſpeak *ironically*; but the *Champion* and *Common Senſe* can bear me witneſs that *Irony* is beyond the Capacity of a *Gazetteer*. *Irony*——why it's a *Kind* of *Wit*——and *Wit* of any *Kind* was never ſeen in this *Paper*; for if it would be *read, valued, underſtood*—— nay, even in Competition with the *Craftſman*; and therefore, kind Reader, you may be ſure that all I ſay is in *ſober* Senſe. For the ſame Gentlemen have told you a thouſand Times that I am a *ſad Writer*, and very ſeldom have a Meaning——whereas *Irony*, you know, requires always to have *Two Meanings*.——— But to keep cloſe to my Text. The Thing I have undertaken is, to ſhew the *Gazetteer* to be *dull, worthleſs*, and *infamous*——— and if I do——I ſhall *top* the *Patriots* in their own Way——and preſent you with a *Paradox* from another Quarter——for I ſuppoſe even thoſe Gentlemen will allow——that this is a *good Paper*.

Firſtly, the *Gazetteer* is *dull*, for it treats the People with Modeſty, the Great with Reſpect, and Religion with Decency. Now there cannot be three greater Signs of Dulneſs than theſe; for your greateſt Judges of Wit, I mean *Craft, Common Senſe*, and *Bear Garden-men*, uſe the People like Spaniels, that is beat them and call them Names, the Great like Bears, as if the Species was only made to be baited, and Religion like an old Lady in the Family, flatter'd to her Face and laugh'd at behind her Back. This having been the Faſhion ſo long, and all taking Pamphlets being written upon this Plan, what can be a greater Argument of a thick Scull than the *Gazetteer*'s jogging on in another Track? It naturally puts one in mind of the Clodpate, who would go to Church by the high Road, tho' up to his Mid Leg, becauſe his Father and Grandfather did ſo before him, while all the reſt of the Pariſh went over the new Cauſeway. What ſignifies it if the People were honourable in former times, if it was then held to be Ill Manners to ſhew a Diſreſpect of a Man in Office, and Want of a ſound Head to make no Choice of a Church, but to be as indifferent about Hereafter as if we were ſure of living always here? Does not the World change? And ought not we to change with the World while we are in it?—— Muſt not he be *dull* indeed who does not *comprehend* this? ——— But it appears by his *Manner* of *Writing* that the *Gazetteer* does not *comprehend* it ——— therefore the *Gazetteer* is *dull*. ——— *Caleb* with all his *Univerſity Learning* could not have prov'd it better.—— There it is for you in *Mood* and *Figure*——— and he that is not convinc'd—— is a *Blockhead*.—— In a *Gazetteer* this would be *Inſolence* ———but as I now *write* for the *Patriots*—— I repeat it—— he muſt be a *Blockhead*.——— So much for the firſt Point.

I ſay next, that the *Gazetteer* is a *worthleſs Paper*, and if any Brother Scribe's Evidence would go for anything, I might eaſily prove this,— for they ſay, nay and would ſwear it upon Occaſion, that it does not ſell,—— and a thing muſt be worthleſs that will not fetch *Money*. Beſides, the only thing of *true Worth* is — *modern Patriotiſm*.—— It is a Kind of *political* Philoſopher's Stone.— If but *three Grains* of it fall on a *leaden Skull*, it tranſmutes it into *Gold*.—— A *Grand Elixir*, which cures all the Diſeaſes of the Mind.——— A Friend of mine, a *Dorſetſhire Gentleman*, who had been troubled many Years with a *State Leproſy*, was perſwaded by a noble D— but to *ſprinkle* himſelf with it, and he became as ſound as a *Roach*,— and this too almoſt in the twinkling of an Eye, — ſo that the *Folks* in the *Country* ſcarce believ'd him the *ſame Man*.—— Now the *Gazetteer* makes a *Jeſt* of this great *Secret*,— and will allow it no greater Virtues—— than the Phyſicians — to *Ward*'s *Pill*:— Therefore the *Gazetteer* is a *worthleſs Paper*.——— Farther ſtill, it is a *worthleſs Paper*,— becauſe no *Men* of *Worth* eſteem it;— for who does not know— that the *Patriots* are the *only Men* of *Worth*,—and they hold the *Gazetteer worthleſs*.— Therefore *worthleſs* it muſt be.—— And *worthleſs* are all they who think the contrary.

Laſtly, I ſay 'tis *infamous*. *Infamy*, as I take it, is the *wrong Side* of *Reputation*. Now we have the Teſtimony of the *L--ds Pro—ſts*, *Bolingbroke*'s Pamphlets, and *twenty People*'s *Speeches*, that all the *Fame* of this *Age* is in the *Hands* of the *Patriots*.—— That they intend to pay it over to *Poſterity*, for their *ſole Uſe* and *Advantage*.——— Whence it follows, that other *Folks* muſt be *Bankrupts* in this reſpect, and that a Paper written againſt them, *i. e.* the Patriots, muſt be the *Reverſe* of *famous*,— that is,— *infamous*.——— Again,— there is no Way to *Fame* but by *Eloquence*.—— Now nothing is more certain, than that *Eloquence*, *Wit*, *Learning*, nay even *Craft* and *Common Senſe* are all on *t'other Side* of the *Queſtion*.—— And without theſe Helps— how ſhould a *Gazetteer* be *famous*?——— Or to put the Queſtion fairer— How ſhould it not be *infamous*?—— Add to all this,—that the *Gazetteer* is avowedly written in Defence of the *Adminiſtration*,— nay in Support of the *laſt Parliament*— and if theſe are not *ſtripp'd* of *Fame*,— what all this time have the *Patriots* been *doing*!——— Then, according to the old Rule,— *that none can give but thoſe that have*,— the Advocate for theſe *People* without *Fame*—muſt be— *infamous*.——— Here's Proof!— here's Evidence!— had there been but as much for the MOTION,— o'my Conſcience I think it would have convinced the *Tories*, —in ſpite of the Caſes of *Str-ff--d* and *Ox-f-rd*.

Thus have I for once written a *Gazetteer* worth *reading*,— which you muſt *confeſs*,— if you think it has *Wit*. —But if you ſhould think it *dull*,— why I *deſign'd* it, as the moſt effectual Way of *demonſtrating* the *Point* I undertook to *prove*.—— And ſo, *kind Reader*, adieu!— I am ſure I leave you in *good Humour*,— for methinks I hear you *laugh*.

Yeſterday arriv'd a Mail from France, *and Two from* Flanders.

Duſſeldorp, October 20.

THE French and Palatine Army that was in the Neighbourhood of Keyſerswaert is gone into Winter Quarters. The Marſhal de Maillebois will come hither and take up his Winter Quarters in the Caſtle. We had a Tempeſt here laſt Tueſday, accompany'd with Lightning, by which ſeveral Perſons were kill'd. The French Officers here are thought to take more Liberty than is agreeable, by the Choice of ſuch Palaces or Houſes as they like beſt for their Winter Quarters, but the Soldiers are treated with the utmoſt Severity for very Trifles, inſomuch that one was hang'd laſt Saturday for not keeping his Time in the Payment of four Piſtoles that he had borrow'd. The Grand Provoſt has caus'd a great many of the Trulls that follow'd the Army to be taken up, and after they have ſuffer'd due Correction, they are to be ſent away.

The Paris Alamain of Wedneſday laſt contains the following Advices.

Amſterdam, Oct. 24. The States General have reſolv'd to fit out 20 Men of War, and have given Orders to the Admiralty to build 25 new ones, and to ſend in an Account of all that are already fit for Service. The Province of Gueldorland ſtrenuouſly inſiſts ſtill upon a new Augmentation of the Troops with 20000 Men, and has ſent its Reſolution to that Purpoſe to its Deputies to be preſented to the Aſſembly of the States General. When the Prince de Cantemir the Ruſſian Ambaſſador communicated Ruſſia's Declaration of War againſt Sweden to M. Amelot, he demanded a categorical Anſwer from him, what Part France intended to act in this War, and two Days after he receiv'd this Anſwer, viz. That the King did not intend to concern himſelf in the Differences between the two Courts, any farther than to employ his good Offices for amicably accommodating them; that he hop'd the War would not continue long, and that he believ'd Sweden wiſh'd the ſame, conſidering how impoſſible it was for that Kingdom to ſupport the Charge of it long.

They write from Paris, that the News of the Defeat of the Swedes in Finland had put the greateſt Part of that City into a very great Conſternation, and that they expect the Swedes will ſend to the French Court to deſire a Squadron, which will be furniſh'd them as Auxiliaries, on the ſame Footing as thoſe which have been ſent by the King to the Elector of Bavaria.

From the Camp at St. Poltin, Oct. 17. The Elector of Bavaria is expected here Tomorrow or next Day. General Palfi's Retreat from hence has but increas'd the Conſternation which was before very great at Vienna, from which we are but ten Leagues diſtant.

HOME PORTS.

Portſmouth, Oct. 23. Arriv'd at Spithead his Majeſty's Ships the Colcheſter and Falkland, from St. Helena, and 'the Ætna Fireſhip Expreſs from Admiral Vernon; the 'Captain ſet out this Morning Poſt for London.

Dover, Oct. 23. Wind S. W. Arriv'd the Delight, Lawes, from Boſton for Rotterdam; the Samuel, Bere, from Virginia for London, and his Majeſty's Sloop Swift from a Cruize.

Deal, Oct. 23. Wind W. S. W. Arriv'd his Majeſty's Ship Haſtings, from Plymouth; the Apollo, Brown, from Jamaica; the Henry, Whiting, from Virginia; the Richard and Mary, Allen, the Ruby, Deveal, and the ——, Watts, from Maryland; the Olive Branch, Avis, from St. Kitts; the Proſperity, Armſtrong, from Sta. Cruz.

Remain his Majeſty's Ship Saphire, and Hound Sloop, with the Outward-bound.

Deal, Oct. 24. Wind E. S. E. The Outward-bound are ſail'd. Came down and ſail'd thro', the Henry and Mary, Robertſon, for Antigua. Remain his Majeſty's Ships Saphire, Haſtings, and Hound Sloop. Arrived the Samuel, Bere, from Virginia, and the Swift Sloop of War, but is ſail'd again Weſtward.

Graveſend, Oct. 23. Paſs'd by the Amity, Mathewſon, from Antigua and Dublin; the William and Mary Yacht, Perry, from Holland.

LONDON, October 26.

Yeſterday his Majeſty, the Duke, and the Princeſs, attended by a great Concourſe of Nobility and Gentry, went to the Chapel Royal at St. James's, and heard a Sermon preach'd by the Rev. Dr. Briggs.

After Divine Service the new Anthem and Te Deum, compoſed and ſet to Muſick by Dr. Green Maſter of his Majeſty's Band of Muſick, on his Majeſty's ſafe Arrival, was perform'd before his Majeſty, &c. in the Chapel Royal

Royal, the Vocal Parts by the Gentlemen belonging to the Chapel, and the Inſtrumental Parts by the King's Band of Muſick.

ANTHEM.

REjoice in the Lord, O ye righteous: for it becometh well the juſt to be thankful.

For the word of the Lord is true, and all his works are faithful.

He loveth righteouſneſs and judgment. The earth is full of the Goodneſs of the Lord Jehovah: and bleſſed are thoſe whom he hath choſen to be his inheritance.

O Lord, grant the King a long life.

O prepare thy loving mercy and faithfulneſs, that they may preſerve him. Amen.

Our ſoul hath patiently tarried for the Lord: for he is our help and ſhield.

Our heart ſhall rejoice in him, becauſe we have hoped in his holy name.

Let thy merciful kindneſs, O Lord, be upon us: like as we do put our truſt in thee. Amen.

His Majeſty hath been pleaſed to iſſue his Royal Proclamations commanding and appointing Wedneſday the 25th of November next to be obſerved as a Day of ſolemn Faſt and Humiliation throughout Great Britain, for imploring the Divine Bleſſing upon his Majeſty's Arms, &c. The ſaid Proclamations begin thus: 'Whereas we 'have been obliged, for vindicating the Honour of our 'Crown, ſecuring the Trade and Navigation of our Sub-'jects, and defending our undoubted Rights, to declare 'War againſt the King of Spain, and *are determin'd to 'proſecute the ſame with the utmoſt Vigour, till, by the 'Bleſſing of God on our Arms, we ſhall obtain that Satis-'faction and Security which we may hope from the Juſtice 'of our Cauſe*'———

His Majeſty has likewiſe been pleaſed to iſſue his Royal Proclamation, declaring, that the Parliament which now ſtands prorogued to the 27th inſtant October, ſhall be further prorogued to Tueſday the 1ſt of December next, then to meet and ſit for the Diſpatch of Buſineſs.

On Thurſday laſt the Lord Mayor and Court of Aldermen of this City waited on his Majeſty at St. James's, to congratulate him on his ſafe Return; and being introduced to his Majeſty by his Grace the Duke of Grafton, Lord Chamberlain of his Majeſty's Houſhold, Sir John Strange, the Recorder, made their Compliments in the following Speech.

Moſt Gracious Sovereign,

YOUR Majeſty's ſafe Return to Great Britain being a Matter of univerſal Joy to every Part of it, the Lord Mayor and Court of Aldermen of your Capital City, have humbly deſired this Opportunity of laying themſelves at your Majeſty's Feet, with their ſincere and moſt dutiful Congratulations upon ſo happy an Event; the bare Poſſibility of Danger to ſuch a Prince, muſt naturally ſuggeſt many anxious Thoughts to our Minds; the Day therefore which reſtored your Majeſty to this Nation in Health and Security, muſt ever be remember'd with Thankfulneſs and Joy.

The Sword is now drawn in ſo many Parts of Europe and America, that we are ſenſible your Majeſty's Labours muſt be exceeding great in attending to all the different Occurrences occaſioned thereby. It is from this unwearied Application, and from the Readineſs of your faithful Subjects to aſſiſt your Majeſty in aſſerting the Rights of Great Britain, that we promiſe ourſelves a happy Iſſue of the preſent Troubles, and the Eſtabliſhment of our Trade and Commerce upon a ſolid and laſting Foundation.

Permit us, Sir, upon this our firſt Opportunity, to return your Majeſty our humble Thanks for the Charter we have lately received, whereby the Number of Juſtices of the Peace in the City of London is increas'd; this, as it was aſked and granted with a View only to the Furtherance of Juſtice, we beg Leave to aſſure your Majeſty, ſhall accordingly be applied.

May God long preſerve your Majeſty, and accompliſh all your Deſigns for the Good of your People.

To which his Majeſty was pleaſed to return this moſt gracious Anſwer.

I Thank you for this Mark of your Duty and Affection. You may be aſſured of my conſtant and firm Reſolution to aſſert and maintain, in the moſt effectual Manner, the Rights of Great Britain; and to carry on with Vigour, thoſe juſt and neceſſary Meaſures, which have been ſo unanimouſly ſupported, till the Trade and Commerce of theſe Kingdoms ſhall be eſtabliſhed upon a firm and laſting Foundation.

And they all had the Honour to kiſs his Majeſty's Hand.

On Saturday laſt the Commander of the Ætna Fireſhip arriv'd at the Admiralty Office with Diſpatches from Admiral Vernon: We hear the Admiral had taken a Spaniſh Man of War; likewiſe a Spaniſh Merchantſhip, Burthen 300 Tons, which had Cloathing on board for 3000 Men, and Firelocks, Ammunition, warlike Stores, &c. for 2000 more; but no Account as yet of taking St. Jago de Cuba.

On Saturday laſt died at his Houſe in Duke-ſtreet St. James's, the Right Hon. the Lord Dillon, a Peer of Ireland, and Colonel of a Regiment in the French Service.

Yeſterday Morning died Mr. Tiffin, an eminent Linen-draper in King-ſtreet Weſtminſter.

BANKRUPTS.

William Guinnell, of St. Paul's Church-yard, London, Glaſs-grinder and Cabinet-maker.

John Gifford, late of the Pariſh of St. Pancras, in the County of Middleſex, Brickmaker.

Thomas Evans, late of Pentrebach, in Brecknockſhire, Hoſier.

High Water this Day at London-Bridge.	Morning	09	46	Evening 01 08

Bank Stock, 140. India, 158 1-4th. South Sea, 103 7 8ths to 104. Old Annuity, 113. New ditto, 111 5-8ths. Three per Cent. 100. Seven per Cent. Loan, 74. Five per Cent. ditto, 58 1-half to 59. Royal Aſſurance, 90 London Aſſurance, 11 1-4th. African, 10. India Bonds, 4 l. 8 s. Premium. Bank Circulation, 2 l. 12 s. 6 d. Prem. Salt Tallies, 1 1-half Prem. Engliſh Copper, 3 l. 15 s. Welſh ditto, 15 s. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders, 101 1-half. Three per Cent. ditto, 95 1-half. Million Bank, 114 1-half. Equivalent, 112.

To be Sold by Auction,

On Tueſday, Wedneſday *and* Thurſday, *being the* 27th, 28th, *and* 29th *of* October,

ALL the genuine Furniture that was Sir BROWNLOW SHERARD's, Knight and Baronet, at his late Houſe in *Bruton-ſtreet* facing the Middle of *New Bond-ſtreet*; conſiſting of all Sorts of extraordinary Furniture, and a fine Wardrobe, conſiſting of Gold and Silver laced Cloaths, and Silk and Damask ditto, and of fine Men and Womens Horſe Furniture embroidered with Gold; a new Tent never us'd, two Braſs Mortars and Cannons, old China, ſome Books, a new Landau and Chariot and two Horſes, &c.

The Goods to be view'd on Thurſday the 22d, and the following Days, (Sunday excepted) until the Time of Sale, which will begin on Tueſday the 27th, at half an Hour after Eleven.

Catalogues will be deliver'd at the Place of Sale, and at CHARLES KEMP's, Broker and Auctioneer, in Weſt-Smithfield, London.

This Day is Publiſhed,

A Genuine HISTORY of NADIR-CHA, Preſent Shah or Emperor of Perſia, formerly call'd THAMAS KOULI KAN. With a particular Account of his Conqueſt of the MOGUL's Country. Together with ſeveral Letters between Nadir-Cha and the Great Mogul, and from Nadir-Cha to his Son. Tranſlated from the Original Perſian Manuſcript into Dutch, by Order of the Honourable JOHN ALBERT SECHTERMAN, Preſident of the Dutch Factory at Bengal, and now done into Engliſh. With an Introduction by the Editor, containing a Deſcription and Compendious Hiſtory of Perſia and India.

Printed for and Sold by J. Watts at the Printing-Office in Wild-Court near Lincoln's-Inn Fields: And by B. Dod at the Bible and Key in Ave-Mary-Lane, near Stationers Hall. Price 1 s. 6 d.

BOOKS ſold by J. OSBORN, in Pater-noſter-Row

I. A SELECT MANUAL of Divine Meditations and Prayers, ſuited to the moſt Neceſſary and Solemn Occaſions: And fitted for Morning and Evening Service for every Day in the Week. With a ſhort Office to be Uſed Before, At, and After Receiving of the Holy Sacrament. Being the Laſt Work of the Rev. Mr. *Joſhua Smith*, late Miniſter of Aldermanbury, and Lecturer of Bow. Price in Sheets 1 s. 6 d.

II. A Select Manual of Devotions for Sick Perſons. Intended for the Uſe of Families. But eſpecially of Pariſh Miniſters To which is added, An Office for Malefactors under Sentence of Death. By an eminent Hand Pr. 1 s.

III. The Infidel Convicted; or, A Brief Defence of the Chriſtian Revelation, &c. Corroborated by unanſwerable Arguments from Mr. Locke. With a Word of Advice in relation to the Univerſities. Pr. 1 s.

V. An Engliſh Tranſlation of a Latin Sermon before the Convocation, held by the Biſhops and Clergy of the Province of Canterbury. Preach'd in Weſtminſter Abbey, on the 21ſt of December 1689. By *William Beveridge*, Archdeacon of Colcheſter, afterwards Lord Biſhop of St. Aſaph. Pr. 6 d.

V. The Apprentices Vade Mecum, &c. Containing, 1. Obſervations on the Indentures enter'd into between Maſter and Servant. 2. Directions for a Young Man's Behaviour in his Apprenticeſhip. 3. Brief Cautions to a Young Man againſt the Scepticiſm and Infidelity of the preſent Age. Pr. 1 s.

VI. An Apology for the Clergy of the Church of England, touching their Claims of Spiritual Powers, as derived from Chriſt. The 2d Edition. Pr. 6 d.

VII. A Letter to All the Rev the Clergy of the Church of England. Containing a Propoſal for raiſing the Sum of 8750 l. per Annum for the Maintenance of Widows and Orphans of ſuch Clergy as die poor. By Richard Goodrick, Curate of Conley in Wilts. Pr. 4 d.

VIII. The Harmony of Reaſon and Chriſtianity. In Two Eſſays, viz 1. On Natural Reaſon, &c. 2. On Revealed Religion, &c. Being a ſeaſonable Antidote againſt Infidelity. Price 2 s. ſtitch'd.

This Day is publiſh'd,
The Second Edition, *with large Additions*, Price *bound in Calf*, of

THE Scripture Doctrine of Original Sin propoſed to free and candid Examination. Parts.

By JOHN TAYLOR *of* Norwich.

To which is added,

A Supplement, &c. Containing ſome Remarks upon Books; viz. *The Vindication of the Scripture Doctrine of Original Sin*; and, *The Ruin and Recovery of Mankind*.

Printed and ſold by M. Fenner, at the Turk's Head in Gracechurch-ſtreet, and J. Ferguſon, in Cockey-lane Near Snow-hill.

NB. The *Supplement*, &c. may be had alone, Pr. 2 d. in blue Paper.

NEW MUSICK.

Next Saturday *will be publiſhed* NUMBER VII. of

LYRA BRITANNICA: Being Engliſh Songs, the Words and Muſick entire; the Words by divers eminent Hands, the Muſick compoſed with a Figur'd Thorough Baſs, adapted to the Violin and Common Flute.

By Mr. JOHN FREDERICK LAMPE.

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THE only ſhort and moſt infallible Cure in the Univerſe for the VENEREAL DISEASE, from the ſlighteſt Infection to the moſt extreme and deſperable Degree of it, even when the Blood and Juices are moſt roughly contaminated with its malignant Virus, and the very Bones are affected with it.

Freſh Infections, call'd CLAPS, with all their Attendant Symptoms, tho' ever ſo ſevere, are entirely carried off by it in a few Days, and ſo as effectually to prevent the Blood and Juices from being tainted with any remaining Taint on one Hand, or a ſeminal Gleet or Weakneſs on the other.

And the moſt inveterate Degree of the French Pox, attended with Nocturnal Pains, univerſal Breakings out, and all the other moſt exaſperated Symptoms, is ſoon overcome by it, and effectually and much more eaſily cured than by Salivation, Inungation, or any other Method whatever, and in ſo eaſy and pleaſant a Manner, without impairing Strength, or occaſioning any Inconvenience, as to beſpeak it the only appoſite Remedy or true Antidote in the World; and this ſome Thouſands have their great Joy experienc'd.

It is pleaſant to take, occaſions no Sickneſs or Vomiting, nor requires Confinement; but may be taken, and the Cure be accompliſh'd, without the Knowledge of the Friend.

Thoſe who ſuſpect they have received an Infection by only a Doſe or two of it, be perfectly free from Apprehenſions; for it ſuffers no lurking Venom to remain in the Body, but wholly extirpates it Root and Branch, in a gentle, eaſy, and moſt effectual Manner.

All ſuch likewiſe as doubt they have ſome remaining Relicks of former Injuries, may by a few Doſes of it free themſelves from all Suſpicion of that Kind, for it leaves no Fouleneſs, Corruption, or Putrefaction whatever remain in the Fluids, or to adhere to the Solids; and in Account, in all ſcorbutick, ſcrophulous, and cutaneous Eruptions or Foulneſſes of the Skin, Glandulous Obſtructions and Impurities of the Juices, it does more by, and than any other Medicine yet known can by ten.

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Note, Ask only for a Six Shilling Pot for the Sake

Yesterday arriv'd a Mail from Holland.

Petersbourg, Oct. 13. *N. S.*

ON the 10th Instant the new Ambassador from Kouli Kan made his Publick Entry here with a Retinue as pompous as it was numerous. On the 7th the Great Duchess sent for the Marquis de Botta to Court, and acquainted him of the Definitive Convention concluded between this Empire and the Porte; declaring to him at the same time that it gave her the more Satisfaction, because nothing could hinder her now from supporting the Queen of Hungary as effectually as she intended. The Baron de Mansfeldt the Prussian Minister was also invited this Week to the Palace, and acquainted with the said Convention. At the same time he had a long Conference with the Ministers of the Cabinet, who declar'd to him, That tho' his Prussian Majesty by the Treaty he has renew'd with Russia, was oblig'd to succour that Empire in case it should be attack'd, as 'tis said now by Sweden; yet they should not insist upon this Assistance, in hopes that the said Prince would give Ear to the new Proposals that should be made to him for an Accommodation with the Queen of Hungary. It is remark'd, that of all the Foreign Ministers who reside here, the Affair of Wilmanstrand has made an Impression upon none more than upon the Ambassador from Turkey. As soon as the Action was confirm'd, he was impatient for the Account of it to be transl ted into the Turkish Language, and sent to Constantinople. The Express who was dispatch'd with it to General Romanzoff, our Minister at Constantinople, is order'd to make all the Haste with it that is possible; and is promis'd 400 Rubies Reward if he can be there by such a time.'

The Count de Lasci and Messieurs de Brigny, Stockan, and Brown, all Irishmen, are set out to serve in the Army in Finland as Major Generals.

Leutmeritz in Bohemia, Oct. 17. *N. S.* The Great Duchess Dowager of Tuscany, Widow of the last Great Duke Gaston de Medicis, who has resided for several Years in this Castle, dy'd two Days ago, in the 71st Year of her Age, after a long Illness. Her first Husband was William of Newbourg the Count Palatine.

Jagerndorff in Upper Silesia, Oct. 19. *N. S.* General Neuperg's Army, which on the 14th Instant quitted the Camp at Gries, continued its March the 15th, 16th, and 17th with all Diligence towards Moravia, arriv'd Yesterday at Grossendorf two Leagues from this Place, and decamp'd from thence this Morning in four Columns, so that in two or three Days it will be on the Frontier of that Province.

Vienna, Oct. 21. *N. S.* General Neuperg's Army is expected in two Days in Moravia, from whence it is to return to this City, where the Hungarian Army is also expected under the Command of the Great Duke of Tuscany. These two Armies are to act joinly for the Defence of Austria and Bohemia, and the Forces to be employ'd in Tirol are 7 Regiments which the Queen has recall'd from Italy upon the new Assurances she has receiv'd of the good Disposition of the King of Sardinia. The Face of every thing here is so alter'd, that you would not take either the Town or the Inhabitants to be the same. Instead of its former Pomp and Magnificence, there's nothing to be seen now but Troops exercising, and Workmen employ'd in extending the Fortifications. Not a Day passes but some House or Building is pull'd down to make way for 'em. Many of the Owners are withdrawn, because they won't have the Mortification to see that demolish'd which cost them so much Expence of Money and Time to build. The noble Garden which the second Empress Dowager caus'd to be set about some time ago is likewise ruin'd. All the Palaces in the City, the finest not excepted, are full of Soldiers, or serve for Magazines, and the very Convents, Hospitals, Colleges, and the other Publick Buildings, are converted to the same Purpose. No Handicrafts are follow'd now but those which belong to War, all the others being as it were suppress'd, and they who are by that means without Business have no Choice but to go out of Town, enter Service, or work on the Fortifications. The University is become a military School, the Classes are converted into Guard-rooms, the Students into Soldiers, and the Lessons of the Doctors give place to those of Officers.

Some of the Enemy's Parties have been seen not far from this City, who advanc'd thither probably to view the Ground. Batteries are therefore erected, and Cannon planted for our Defence, and there's not a Day but the General Count de Kevenhuller takes a Tour round the City to see that all is in Order. The Bells in every Church of this City have been tolled in Memory of the Death of the Emperor Charles VI. who departed this Life on the 20th of October last Year, and his Funeral Obsequies were perform'd Yesterday with great Pomp in the Capuchins Church, to which the Concourse of People was so great, that a Company of Grenadiers was posted to prevent Disturbance.

Berlin, Oct. 28. *N. S.* The King's Army in Silesia separated on the 20th Instant, and we are assur'd that on the same Day his Majesty took possession of the Town of Neiss.

Rome, Oct. 14. *N. S.* T'other day when the Count d'Ottingen had Audience of the Pope at Castle Gondolfo, to acquaint him how fair the Elector of Bavaria stood to be unanimously chosen Emperor, the Pope said to him, 'That he wish'd his Election might restore Peace to the 'Empire, and that in the mean time he recommended 'it to his Electoral Highness, not to push Matters too 'far against the Queen of Hungary, but rather to hearken to an Accommodation with that Princess, by 'means of an equitable Partition of the Dominions in 'Dispute.' The Count reply'd, 'That Methods of 'Accommodation had so often been try'd in vain, that 'there was now scarce any Hopes left of succeeding by 'that Means'. On the 6th, the said Count went to Albano, where he din'd with the Chevalier de St. George, who, together with his eldest Son, paid his Duty t'other day to the Pope. The Manifesto which the Count has publish'd in the Italian, French and German Languages, concerning the Elector's Rights to the Succession of the House of Austria, does not give general Satisfaction here.

Hague, Nov. 3. *N. S.* 'Tis generally reported, that the Accommodation between the King of Prussia and the Queen of Hungary is settled, and that the chief Difficulty which retarded the Conclusion of it has been remov'd in two Conferences at which the Lord Hyndford and the Baron de Brackel were both present. They add, that the Neutrality of the King of Prussia is one of the Terms of the Accommodation. The French Troops have not only taken Winter Quarters in Osnabrug, but are preparing to do the same in all Places depending on the Elector of Cologne: Nevertheless the Bishoprick of Hildesheim hopes to be exempted.

FOREIGN PORTS.

Lisbon, Oct. 14. On the 1st arrived the Betty, Brown, from Ireland: On the 2d, the Mary, Donevan, from Cork: On the 3d, the St. Catherine, Roberts, from Figueira: On the 4th, the Providence, Adams, from Topsham; the Theneriffe, Carter, from Gibraltar: On the 5th, the John and Mary, Will, from Newfoundland; the Rowland, Sullivan, from Cork: On the 7th, the Exchange, Galway, from Cork: On the 8th, the Charming Molly, Morris, from Amsterdam: On the 9th, the Brockley, Jennings, from Carolina: On the 10th, the King George Packet, Bluett, from Falmouth. On Sept. 27. Sailed the Betty, Pearne: On Oct. 3. the Lusitania, Rowell: On the 4th, the Susanna, Jenkins; all three for Newfoundland. On the 6th, the Catherine, Perry, for London: On the 11th, the Friendship, Story; the Providence, Newcomen; the Success, Crocke: On the 12th, the Betty, Brown, all for Cork.

Elsineur, Oct. 24. N. S. Since my last came in the Ships commanded by the following Masters, viz. On the 21st, John Beilby, from Petersburgh for Liverpool; Thomas Harvey, from Copenhagen for Gottenburgh: On the 23d, Charles Hales from Koningsburgh, Mark Rafton from Riga, both for London; James Roberts, from Malmo for Gottenburgh; John Barfleur for London: On the 24th, David Lithe for Lynn, both from Dantzick; Benjamin Hill, from Petersburgh for London.

'Those Masters outward-bound are sail'd, the Wind at 'S. E. as continues still. There are more Ships in Sight 'at the Post going out.

HOME PORTS.

Leith, Oct. 19. Arrived the Jean, Walker, and the Batchelor, Hunter, from Norway.

Liverpool, Oct. 23. Arrived the Blest, Fowler, from Virginia: 'Who brought home Capt. Holme, that was taken by a Spanish Privateer near the 'Capes.' Also arrived a Snow from Virginia, Name unknown.

Bristol, Oct. 24. Arriv'd the Queen Mary, Vaughan, from Jamaica; the Greyhound, Punter, from Antigua; and the Charming Molly, ——, from Newfoundland.

Mount's-Bay, Oct. 21. Arrived the Two Sisters, Gaylard, from Petersburgh for this Place.

Falmouth, Oct. 22. Since my last arrived the Deptford's Prize, ——, from a Cruize; and the King George Packet, Blewet, from Lisbon, in 13 Days. The Hanover Packet is detain'd there.'

Plymouth, Oct. 24. Came in the William and Sarah, Davis, from St. Ives, loaden with Spanish Iron; 'a 'Prize taken by the Revenge Privateer, Capt. Wimble. Sailed his Majesty's Ships Liverpool and Careass Bomb also the John and Elizabeth, Clear, for London.

Pool, Oct. 24. Arrived the Hopewell, Williams, from Newfoundland.

Cowes, Oct. 24. Wind E. On the 21st came in the Pieter, Vankal, from Rotterdam for Waterford: On the 22d, the Chauvelin, Desure, for Boulogne from Port Louis: On the 23d, the Concordia, Husfell, for Wismar in Sweden from Lymington: And this Morning, the Mary, Wride, from Petersburgh for Leghorn. This Day sailed the Pieter, Vankal, from Rotterdam for Waterford; and the Nancy, Tayler, from Rotterdam for the Isle of Man,

Southampton, Oct. 24. Wind S. W. Since my last arrived the Expedition Packet, Mourant, from Guernsey.

Portsmouth, Oct. 25. At Spithead are his Majesty's Ships the Duke, Amelia, Cambridge, Falkland, Colchester, Rye, Shark and Ætna,

The Torbay, Russell, Shrewsbury and Shark are come into the Harbour.

Deal, Oct. 25. Wind S. by E. Remain his Majesty's Ships, the Saphire, Hastings, and Hound Sloop.

Gravesend, Oct. 25. Yesterday past'd by the Alexander, Graham, from Antigua; the Lively, Loyds, from St. Kitts; the Bridlington, Dalton, from Virginia; the Alexander, Auge, from Bourdeaux: And this Day, the Olive Branch, Avis, from St. Kitts; the Charming Nancy, Wills, the Richard and Sarah, Allen, the Ruby, Deveal, and the South River Merchant, Hall, all from Maryland; the Vernon, Humphries, from Virginia; the Catherine Yacht, Bridges, the Charlotte Yacht, Williams, the Fubbs Yacht, Dunzie, the Carolina Yacht, Sir Charles Hardy, the Aldborough Man of War, Pocock, the Page, Ashby, and the Wager, Conway, all seven from Holland.

Arrived

At Virginia, the Little Molly, Marshal, from Madeira.

At St. Kitts, the Sudbury, Morris, and the Joseph, Langdon, both from London.

At Maryland, the Mary, Ellis, from Jamaica.

At Topsham, the Huberton, Browning, from Lisbon.

In Yarmouth Road, the Tuscan, Martin, and the Indian Merchant, Read, from Petersburgh.

At Hull, the Baltick Merchant, Hill, from ditto.

LONDON, October 27.

The deceased Duchess Dowager of Tuscany abovemention'd was Anna-Maria Francis, Widow of John Gaston de Medicis the late Great Duke of Tuscany, and the Daughter of Julius Francis the last Duke of Saxe Lawenbourg. She was born the 13th of June 1672, and she was married to the late Great Duke her second Husband on the 3d of July 1697.

The Letters of the 10th instant O. S. from Vienna say, that 'tis certain a Peace is concluded and ratify'd between the Queen of Hungary and the King of Prussia, tho' it has not been thought fit to publish the Articles; and that in consequence of it Count Neuperg's Army is arriv'd in Moravia and Bohemia. They add, that the Bavarians are laying a Bridge at Stein, probably to take up their Winter Quarters in Bohemia and Moravia, but that the Hungarians are preparing to dispute their Passage, so that 'tis likely they will venture a Battle rather than suffer them to take that Post. About the Beginning of next Month the Great Duke of Tuscany will begin to act at the Head of the Hungarian Army, by which time the Forces are expected in those Parts from Silesia to begin the Operations under the Velt Marshal de Kevenhuller, while those that are coming from Italy to Tirol are to make a Diversion in Bavaria.

The Queen Mary, Capt. Vaughan, arriv'd at Bristol from Jamaica, brings Advice, that the Worcester Man of War has taken a Spanish Ship of 24 Guns and 250 Men; She was bought by the King of Spain of the Merchants of St. Sebastian, and was bound to La Vera Cruz.

On the 24th of August sail'd from Jamaica several Ships for England under Convoy of the Astrea, but cannot learn their Names. They met with bad Weather, by which the Montros, Crawford, bound to Scotland, and a Brig, were lost on the 25th. The Lawson, Lowes, for London, and the Brice, Saunders, for Bristol, put back to Jamaica the 30th of August to stop Leaks.

The Richmond, Ellis, arriv'd at Jamaica the 28th of August, who advises, that the Victualing Ships were met by a Man of War with Orders from the Admiral for them to go for Cuba. The London, ——, bound for London, was burnt in Jamaica.

Extract of a Private Letter from the Hague, Nov. 1.

'The wiſeſt People here are far from thinking the 'Affairs of Europe in ſo deſperate a Condition as ſome 'zealous News-Writers are pleas'd to repreſent them. 'The Harmony that has always ſubſiſted between the 'Maritime Powers, and which ſtill ſubſiſts as cordially 'as ever, will always preſerve a Weight capable, with 'a very little Addition, of balancing any Power in Eu'rope, how potent, how ambitious ſoever. The Con'vention by which his Majeſty has ſecur'd the Tranqui'lity of his German Dominions, is here conſidered as a 'wiſe and prudent Step, and is ſo far from leſſening 'that it raiſes his Majeſty's Credit as an Elector of the 'Holy Roman Empire: For ſurely there is ſomething 'extraordinary, when moſt of the Princes in Germany 'have enter'd into a certain Scheme, that they and their 'Great Ally ſhould yet propoſe a Neutrality to the ſingle 'Prince who in the Times of ſuch Confuſion diſdain'd all 'Private Advantages, and took no Meaſures but for the 'Publick Good.

'It is certain, whatever the World may report, that 'all Things here are on a very good Footing. Our Mi'litary Eſtabliſhment was ſcarce higher at any time in 'the late War, and yet we think ſeriouſly of an Aug'mentation. Our Marine is in very good Order; and 'as the Hearts of the Many ſo the Heads of the Few 'are entirely devoted to the Common Cauſe; viz. The 'Preſerving the Proteſtant Intereſt and Liberties of Eu'rope. It is true, we are not ſuch Enthuſiaſts as to 'think of entering upon a War with our Neighbours, 'upon a mere Suppoſition of their having ill Deſigns; 'but, on the other hand, we are far from being ſo puſil'lanimous as to affect Peace at the Expence of what 'alone renders it deſireable. The Prudence for which 'this State has been always remarkable, will not leave 'any ſober Politician Room to doubt of her Intention to 'maintain her Dignity and Independency, when ſhe has 'put herſelf to ſuch an Expence in order to have the 'Means in her Power.

'The Partizans of a certain Court talk with great 'Confidence of a Plan for a General Pacification. A 'Pacification which ſhall content Great Britain, ſecure 'the Spaniſh Dominions, preſerve the Queen of Hun'gary, adjuſt the Balance of Power in Germany, and, 'in ſhort, leave nobody Cauſe to be diſpleaſed. If ſuch 'a Thing can be really brought about, it will be Matter 'of great Satisfaction, come it from what Hand it will; 'but if after all that is ſaid of it, it ſhall be found either 'chimerical or impracticable, we ſhall at leaſt be able to 'collect from it, with whom in caſe of a War we are 'to join, againſt whom, and for what; Things not very 'diſcernible at preſent, and by that time they ſhall be'come more conſpicuous, I will venture to preſage, 'that both the Views and the Force of the Maritime 'Powers will appear in a proper Light: For in Political 'Races of this Nature, thoſe who ſtart with moſt Met'tle rarely come firſt to the Poſt.'

The Mercury, Clack, from London for Virginia, was taken off of the Capes of Virginia by a Spaniſh Privateer the 6th of September laſt.

The Charming Betty, Sword, bound from London for New England, is aſhore on one of the Iſles of Orkney.

They write from Edinburgh, that laſt Friday Se'nnight Mr. Robert Dundas, Advocate, eldeſt Son to the Lord Arniſton, was married there to Miſs Henrietta Baillie, Heireſs of the ancient Family and opulent Eſtate of Lamington.

From Leith, that on Thurſday Se'nnight Mr. Smith Inſpector General, aſſiſted by Mr. Macgill Surveyor in the Frith, and his Boat's Crew, brought in a Veſſel of 40 Tuns, with 39 Packs and 18 Hogſheads of Wool, which they ſeiz'd at Leven, having been found conceal'd in her Hold under Coils, and intended for foreign Parts.

From Norwich, that having on Thurſday laſt receiv'd the agreeable News of his Majeſty's ſafe Arrival at St. James's, the Bells of that City were immediately rung, Guns fired, and a general Face of Joy and Satisfaction appeared throughout that City.

Laſt Week died at Bury, of a violent Fever, Mr. Timothy Buck, one of the Norwich Company of Comedians, who for upwards of 16 Years that he continued a Member thereof was well reſpected wherever he went, being a good Player, a good Swordſman, of a facetious Temper and honeſt Dealings, and never ſeem'd what he was not, but on the Stage. His Corpſe was interr'd on Friday laſt at Colcheſter, near the Remains of his Wife, who died there about two Years ago.

Laſt Saturday Robert Beaumont was committed to the Houſe of Correction in Bury by Thomas Diſcipline, Eſq; Alderman of Bury, for hawking unſtampt News-papers.

Laſt Week died at Leighton Buzzard in Bedfordſhire, Mr. Thomas Paſton, an eminent Surgeon of that Place.

His Majeſty has been pleaſed to appoint William Forteſcue, Eſq; one of the Judges of the Court of Common-Pleas, to be Maſter of the Rolls, in the room of the Hon. John Verney, Eſq; deceaſed.

His Majeſty has likewiſe been pleaſed to appoint Mr. Serjeant Burnet to ſucceed Mr. Juſtice Forteſcue, as one of the Judges of the Court of Common-Pleas.

Northam in Briſtol Channel, Oct. 22. The Mary and Ann, Doyle, from Dublin for Faro, was taken 60 Leagues to the Weſtward of Ireland by a Spaniſh Privateer, who took out the Maſter and put nine Spaniards with Capt. Doyle's Mate on board her to carry her to St. Sebaſtians, but met with ſuch Weather that the Mate put her into this Channel, and ſix Miles from this Place run her aſhore, where ſhe is entirely loſt, and the Spaniards Priſoners. The Mate ſays, that two Ships were taken the Day before them, one bound from Virginia and the other from Carolina.

High Water this Day at London-Bridge.	Morning	01	Evening	01
		29		49

Bank Stock, 140. India, Nothing done. South Sea, 104. Old Annuity, 111 without the Dividend. New ditto, 111 5-8ths. Three per Cent. 100. Seven per Cent. Loan, 74. Five per Cent. ditto, 59. Royal Aſſurance, 89 1-half. London Aſſurance, 11 without the Dividend. African, 10. India Bonds, 4l. 8s. to 9s. Premium. Bank Circulation, 2l. 12s. 6d. Prem. Salt Tallies, 1 1-half Prem. Engliſh Copper, 3l. 15s. Welſh ditto, 15s. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders, 101 1-half. Three per Cent. ditto, 95 1-half. Million Bank, 114 1-half. Equivalent, 112.

Admiralty-Office, October 21, 1741.

THE *Lords Commiſſioners of the Admiralty having ordered the Company belonging to his Majeſty's Ship the Burford to be remov'd into his Majeſty's Ship the Flamborough, fitting out at Woolwich, and to be paid the Wages due to them for their Service in the Burford, and alſo two Months Wages Advance, before the Flamborough goes to Sea; it is their Lordſhip's Direction, that the ſaid Men do, without fail, repair on board the ſaid Ship Flamborough, by the ſecond Day of next Month, (when the Leave which has been given to them will expire) on pain not only of loſing the above mentioned Payments, but alſo of being apprehended and tried as Deſerters, at a Court Martial.*

Tho. Corbett.

Bank, June 1, 1741.

WHereas JOHN WAITE, *late one of the Caſhiers of the* Bank of England, *about Forty Years of Age, and about Five Foot Eight Inches high, well ſet, round viſag'd, ſmall grey Eyes, very light Eye-brows and Eye-laſhes, and of a moſt remarkable freſh Complection, abſented himſelf on Wedneſday the 13th of May laſt from his Duty at the Bank, and is ſuppoſed to have ſecreted, or taken away with him from the Bank, Eaſt-India Bonds, amounting to a conſiderable Value;*

And whereas Warrants are iſſued for Apprehending and Taking the ſaid John Waite, *This is to give Notice, That whoever ſhall apprehend and ſecure the ſaid* John Waite, *to be dealt with according to Law, ſhall receive of the ſaid Governor and Company the Sum of* Three hundred Pounds, *over and above the* Two hundred Pounds *offered in former Advertiſements,* in the Whole Five Hundred Pounds.

David Le Gros, *Secretary.*

At the Corner of Lincoln's-Inn-fields, near Clare-market,

On *Tueſday Nov.* 3, at Five in the Evening will begin

A COURSE of *Anatomy* and *Phyſiology*, in which the Animal OEconomy will be explain'd, and the Principles of Phyſick illuſtrated, by proper Lectures on the Solids and Fluids of the Animal, the Actions of Medicines, calculous Concretions, and the Art of Midwifry;

By F. NICHOLLS, *M. D. C. M. L. S.*

Note, A Compendium, referring to the ſeveral Matters explain'd in theſe Lectures, is ſold by J. Clarke under the Royal Exchange, and T. Woodward between the Temple Gates, Bookſellers.

This Day is Publiſhed,

In TWO VOLUMES,

The Second Edition, *much enlarg'd: Alſo the Addition of a New Sett of* CUTTS.

THE *World in Miniature:* or, the *Entertaining Traveller.* Giving an Account of every thing neceſſary and curious, as to Situation, Cuſtoms, Manners, Genius, Temper, Diet, Diverſions, Religious and other Ceremonies; Trade, Manufactures, Arts and Sciences; Government, Policies, Laws, Buildings; Beaſts, Birds, Fiſhes, Plants, Drugs; Cities, Mountains, Rivers, and other Curioſities, belonging to each Country. With ſeveral curious and uſeful Tables.

By Mr. JOHN FRANSHAM, *of* Norwich.

Printed and ſold by John Torbuck, in Clare-court near Drury-lane, T. Osborn in Grays-Inn, J. Hodges on London-bridge, T. Aſtley and S. Auſten in St. Paul's Church-yard, A. Millar in the Strand, and T. Harris on London-bridge.

WHereas JAMES HANCOCK, Appre
to Samuel Plummer, of Trowbridge in the
of Wilts, Taylor, hath abſented himſelf from his ſaid
for a conſiderable Time; Whoever will diſcover w
ſaid James Hancock is, ſo that he may be apprehende
Maſter, ſhall receive Two Yards of Liſt as a Reward
all Perſons are hereby forewarn'd not to entertain h
Penalty of being proſecuted to the utmoſt Severity of t
N. B. He is a Lad about Five Feet high, of a fre
plexion, pitted with the Small Pox, and hath a rem
ſlouching Geſture, with a lowering Countenance, an
times goes by the Name of James Roſe.

BENJAMIN COLE,

At the Old Lottery-Office, next the Union Coffee-H Exchange-Alley,

HAving procured a conſiderable Q
tity of Tickets in the preſent Bridge-Lottery,
them at the very loweſt Price; as alſo Shares of Ticke
Halves, Quarters, Eighths, and Sixteenths. Likewiſe
Numerical and Regiſter Books are kept at the ſaid Offi
The Payments being all Compleat, moſt of the Ticke
deliver'd by the Bank.
Any Perſon may come to the Office thro' the Sho
Blackmoor's Head, a Haberdaſher of Hats over-aga
Royal Exchange in Cornhill.

TICKETS in this Lottery, and Sh
of Tickets, ſuch as Halves, Quarters, Eighths a
teenths, are bought and ſold by

FRANCIS WILSON,

At his oldeſt Lottery-Office, Charing-Croſs, next Door
King's Sadler's, adjoining to the Mews front Gate, a
rectly behind the King on Horſeback.

The Scheme of the Lottery is

				l.			
2	— of	—		10000	— is	—	2
3	—	—		5000	—	—	1
10	—	—		2000	—	—	2
20	—	—		1000	—	—	2
40	—	—		500	—	—	2
200	—	—		100	—	—	2
500	—	—		50	—	—	2
1000	—	—		20	—	—	2
11350	—	—		10	—	—	11
13125	Prizes, amounting to				—	—	27
	First drawn			—			
	Laſt drawn			—			
41875	Blanks			—	—	—	
55000	Tickets, at 5l. each				—	—	27

being Three Blanks to a Prize.

P. S. There are in this Lottery 1 Prize of 5000l. 2000 l. and 10 of 500l. each, more than in the laſt, no ſtanding it conſiſts of 10000 Tickets leſs than that or a mer one. Letters directed to the Office will be pun anſwer'd, and Schemes given gratis; the Prizes will b at the Bank 50 Days after the Lottery is drawn.

N. B. All the Payments are compleated, and moſt Tickets taken from the Bank. The Lottery will begi ing the 23d of November next.

This Day is Publiſhed,

(*For the Uſe of* SCHOOLS)

PAMELA;

OU, LA

Vertue Recompenſee.

Traduit de l'Anglois. En Deux Tomes.

A Londres, chez Thomas Woodward au Croiſſant en Portes du Temple; et Jean Osborn a la Boule d'Or, Pater-noſter-row, pres de S. Paul.

Theſe are to Certify whom it may concer

THAT the Two Medicines for
ternal Uſe, which have been ſold with ſo muc
ceſs for the Good of Mankind above Thirty Years laſt pa
the Cure of

All Sorts of RUPTURES, BURSTEN,
BROKEN BELLIES.

are removed from the Minories, where they have been ſ
the Author, ſo long, and are now ſold only at Mr. Sand
Toyſhop, the Sign of the Griffin, the Corner of Bu
Bury in the Poultry, at 5s. the Parcel, with printed Dire
given with them.

Theſe two Remedies need no other Recommendation
themſelves will manifeſt in two or three Days uſing, hav
their admirable and even aſtoniſhing Succeſs, gained th
putation they ſo juſtly deſerve, both in City and Cou
after wearing Truſſes for many Years to no Purpoſe.

For by the Bleſſing of God, they make a perfect
either on Old or Young, in a very little Time, and for a
Charge, without any Pain to, or Confinement of the Pat
one Parcel is genera ly ſufficient for a compleat Cure,
cially on a young Perſon.

Many Hundreds of all Ages and Sexes have been cur
them, which occaſioned this Publication, for the Good o
Publick, that all ſuch unhappy People may be deliver'd
the Charge and Slavery of always wearing Truſſes.

The World might have had many Certificates of Cu
Perſons of all Ages, from Children of a few Months o
grown Perſons of 60 Years or upwards; but that P
are naturally averſe to let it be known, that they ever
ſuch an Infirmity: Yet Mr. Sandwell can ſatisfy an
quirer of the Validity of what is here ſaid, tho' he ha
had ſuch large Knowledge, by reaſon of the ſhort Tim
has ſold 'em, as they from whom the Medicines are n
good Reaſons, removed.

No Letters received except Poſt paid.

LONDON: Printed for T. COOPER, at the *Globe* in *Pater-Noſter-Row.*